

03-01-00

A

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:  
Michael John Bryant

Application No.:

Date Filed:

Title: Electrical Cable Insert

§  
§  
§  
§  
§  
§  
§  
§  
§

Group Art Unit:

Examiner:

Atty Docket No.: P30213US

The Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231  
Box: Patent Application

Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as Express Mail No EL279634161US in an envelope addressed to Box Patent Application, The Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D C 20231, on the date of signature below

Signature

*Hong Do*  
2/28/00

jc525 U.S. PTO  
09/514423



02/28/00

## TRANSMITTAL LETTER

Transmitted herewith for filing in the above-identified cases are the following documents:

- ☒ Petition Under 37 CFR 1.47(a);
- ☒ Exhibit A to Petition under 37 CFR 1.47(a);
- ☒ Twenty-three (23) pages of Specification, including fifty-three (53) claims and an abstract;
- ☒ Three (3) sheets of Drawings;
- ☒ Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney;
- ☒ Original Assignment;
- ☒ Assignment Cover Sheet; and
- ☒ Return postcard

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge Deposit Account No. 01-2511 for any underpayment of the fees required under 37 CFR §§ 1.16 – 1.17, or credit the account for any overpayment. A duplicate copy of this transmittal is enclosed for this purpose.

Date:

Kenneth P. Beyers  
Reg. No. 36,409  
Arnold & Associates  
2603 Augusta, Suite 800  
Houston, Texas 77057  
Tel. (713) 972-1150  
Fax (713) 972-1180  
AGENT FOR APPLICANT

By:

**Kenneth P. Beyers**  
Reg. No. 36,409  
**Arnold & Associates**  
2603 Augusta, Suite 800  
Houston, Texas 77057  
Tel. (713) 972-1150  
Fax (713) 972-1180  
**AGENT FOR APPLICA**

## ELECTRICAL CABLE INSERT

### TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention generally relates to electric cable connectors, and, more particularly, is concerned with an electrical connector insert having an improved seal from the environment and that will mate a standard receptacle to a cable having a different number and configuration of conductors than those of the standard receptacle.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

In the offshore seismic exploration industry, streamers carrying hydrophone and geophone sensors are towed behind exploration vessels for receiving reflected acoustic signals produced by seismic wave generating sources. The streamers are connected to the vessels by lead-in cables which carry electrical power to the streamers, and seismic data and telemetry from the streamers, to data processing equipment aboard the towing vessel. In ocean bottom seismic exploration, the seismic signals are received by hydrophone and/or geophone sensors connected to cables laid directly on the ocean floor. These ocean bottom cables are also connected to the vessel by lead-in cables.

All of the various streamers and cables are electrically and mechanically connected end-to-end by cable connectors having inserts designed to seal the interconnection from the environment, particularly from ingress by sea water, which results in the loss of electrical integrity. When leakage of water into a connector interface causes an electrical short, the seismic signal shooting and data collection must be stopped and the lengthy cables leading to the shorted connector pulled aboard the vessel so that the failed connector can be repaired or replaced. The exploration shooting down time required to replace a shorted cable connector is significant and very expensive.

In the offshore seismic exploration industry, a widely used, standard cable connector or receptacle insert is the Syntrak 37-pin insert. This Syntrak insert has 37 pins or mating sockets arranged in a fixed configuration and spacing that was chosen years ago when this connector was first designed. This standard insert includes a cylindrical metal shell with the conductive pins or sockets attached at one end of the shell and fixed in place by a molded elastomer. However, no sealing devices are included at the opposite end of this connector.

The Syntrak 37-pin insert is installed on a wide range of seismic cables and streamers used in the industry. The various types of cables and streamers which must be connected to this industry standard insert have varying numbers and arrangements or configurations of electrical power, data, or telemetry conductors. The number or configuration of the conductors in these cables usually do not match the standard insert. For example, ten of the pins or sockets on the 37-pin insert are preallocated to power. Depending on the wire gauge of its power conductors, a connecting cable may have two, four, ten, or twelve insulated power conductors that must be connected to these ten pins or sockets on the Syntrak insert. If, for example, the connecting

cable has two power conductors, each of these conductors must be transitioned into five separate, smaller diameter conductors for connection to a respective five of the ten pins or sockets allocated to power on the Syntrak insert. This transition has heretofore been accomplished by splicing the smaller diameter wires to the larger diameter conductor. It is very difficult to seal a spliced transition between conductors from water leakage, especially where the spliced connection is exposed to flexing and contact with sea water. In addition, the contact interface within the body of the insert must be sealed from the environment. A spliced cable transition to a standard insert therefore presents two potential sources of water leakage and resulting failure: in the conductor splicing, and in the contact interface.

Various methods have been used in an attempt to seal presently used connector inserts. Sealing is commonly achieved at the rear of inserts by means of heat shrink, potting techniques, elastomeric boots, or combinations of these techniques. Each of these methods has problems. For example, heat shrinks and boots often leak if a conductor is flexed. Potting techniques are highly dependent on process control and the ability of the resins to adhere for extended periods of time to various conductor insulation materials and grades. Since cables typically contain various insulation materials, the latter problem is not insignificant. Cables containing polyethylene insulation present particular sealing problems due to difficulties in adhering sealant to the polyethylene.

Consequently, a need exists for an improved electric cable insert that will mate with industry standard inserts, provide a reliable, high integrity seal from the environment, and accommodate most cable insulation materials. Preferably, such a cable insert will be capable of easy and quick assembly to a cable without soldering. Ideally, such an insert can be assembled and disassembled in the field.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides an electric cable insert designed to satisfy the aforementioned needs. According to one aspect of the invention, an electric cable insert is provided for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle having a plurality of sockets. The insert comprises a plurality of electrically conductive pins for connecting to respective sockets in the mating receptacle. The insert further includes a sealing gland having a plurality of bores therethrough, each of the cable conductors

passing through a respective one of the bores in the sealing gland. Also included in the insert is means for electrically connecting the cable conductors to respective pins, and means for compressing the sealing gland so as to seal the insert from the environment.

According to an alternative embodiment of the invention, an electric cable insert is provided for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle having a plurality of projecting pins. The insert comprises a plurality of receiving sockets for receiving respective pins on the mating receptacle. The insert further includes a sealing gland having a plurality of bores therethrough, each of the cable conductors passing through a respective one of the bores in the sealing gland. Also included in this embodiment of the insert is means for electrically connecting the cable conductors to the respective receiving sockets, and means for compressing the sealing gland so as to seal the insert from the environment.

According to another alternative embodiment of the invention, an electric cable insert is provided for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle having a plurality of sockets, the number and configuration of the cable conductors being different from those of the sockets of the mating receptacle. The insert of this embodiment comprises a plurality of spaced receptacle pins for connecting to respective sockets in the mating receptacle, the number and configuration of the receptacle pins matching those of the receptacle. The insert also includes a sealing gland having a plurality of bores therethrough, the number and configuration of the bores matching those of the cable conductors. Each of the cable conductors passes through a respective one of the bores in the sealing gland. Also included in this embodiment of the insert is means for conductively transitioning from the number and configuration of the cable conductors to the number and configuration of the sockets of the mating receptacle, and means for compressing the sealing gland so as to seal the insert from the environment.

According to still another alternative embodiment of the invention, an electric cable insert is provided for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle. The insert comprises a housing having two opposite ends and an internal cavity. The first end of the housing is open to the cavity and the second end has a plurality of orifices therethrough. A seal is disposed within the housing. The seal has two opposite sides and a plurality of tubes projecting from one side thereof, the tube bores extending through to the

opposite side of the seal. Each of the tubes mates with a respective orifice in the second end of the housing. A contact header is disposed within the housing adjacent the seal. The header has first and second sides. A plurality of electrically conductive pins extend through the header. Each pin has a first end projecting from the first side of the header and through a respective one of the seal tube bores for electrically connecting to the mating receptacle, and a second end projecting from the second side of the header. A sealing gland is disposed within the housing adjacent the contact header. The gland has a plurality of bores therethrough. A driver compressively engages the gland so as to seal the insert from the environment. The driver has a plurality of bores therethrough. Each of the conductors of the cable passes through a respective one of the bores in the driver and in the sealing gland and electrically connects to the second end of one of the pins.

According to another alternative embodiment of the invention, an electric cable insert is provided for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle having a plurality of projecting pins. The insert comprises a housing having two opposite ends and an internal cavity. The first end of the housing is open to the cavity and the second end has a plurality of orifices therethrough. A contact header is disposed within the housing adjacent the second end thereof. The header has first and second sides. The insert includes a plurality of spaced receiving sockets for receiving respective pins on the mating receptacle. Each receiving socket projects from the first side of the contact header. The receiving sockets pass through the contact header and have pins projecting from the second side of the contact header for connection to respective cable conductors. A sealing gland is disposed within the housing adjacent the contact header. The gland has a plurality of bores therethrough. A driver compressively engages the gland so as to seal the insert from the environment. The driver also has a plurality of bores therethrough. Each of the cable conductors passes through a respective one of the bores in the driver and in the sealing gland and electrically connects to one of the receiving socket pins.

According to still further alternative embodiment of the invention, an electric cable insert is provided for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle having a plurality of sockets. The number and configuration of the cable conductors is different from those of the sockets of the mating receptacle. The insert comprises a housing having two opposite ends and an internal cavity. The first end of the housing is open to the

cavity, and the second end has a plurality of orifices therethrough. A seal is disposed within the housing. The seal has two opposite sides and a plurality of tubes project from one side thereof. The tube bores extend through to the opposite side of the seal. Each of the tubes mate with a respective orifice in the second end of the housing. A circuit card is provided for conductively transitioning from the number and configuration of the cable conductors to the number and configuration of the sockets of the mating receptacle. The circuit card has a first side and a second side. A plurality of spaced receptacle pins are attached to and extend from the first side of the circuit card and through respective orifices in the second end of the housing for connecting to respective sockets in the mating receptacle. The number and configuration of the receptacle pins match those of the receptacle sockets. A plurality of spaced contact pins are attached to and extend from the second side of the circuit card. The number and configuration of the contact pins match those of the cable conductors. A sealing gland is disposed within the housing adjacent the circuit card. The sealing gland has a plurality of bores therethrough. The number and configuration of the bores match those of the cable conductors. A driver compressively engages the gland so as to seal the insert from the environment. The driver has a plurality of bores therethrough. Each of the conductors of the cable passes through a respective one of the bores in the driver and in the sealing gland and connects to one of the contact pins extending from the circuit card.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a more complete understanding of the present invention, and the advantages thereof, reference is now made to the following Detailed Description of Example Embodiments of the Invention taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is an exploded, cross-sectional view of a female cable insert of the present invention.

Figure 2 is an exploded, cross-sectional view of an alternative embodiment of a female cable insert of the present invention.

Figure 3 is an exploded, cross-sectional view of a male cable insert of the present invention.

Figure 4 is an exploded, cross-sectional view of a male transitioning insert of the present invention.



Figures 5, 6, and 7 are front, center cross-sectional, and rear views, respectively, of one example embodiment of a sealing gland of the present invention.

Figures 8, 9, and 10 are front, center cross-sectional, and rear views, respectfully, of one example embodiment of a driver of the present invention.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EXAMPLE EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

Example embodiments of the present invention and its advantages are best understood by referring to the drawings, like numerals being used for like and corresponding parts of the various drawings.

In Figure 1, an example embodiment of a female electric cable insert of the invention is shown in exploded, cross-sectional view. The female insert, generally designated 10, includes housing 12, contact header 14, sealing gland 16, and driver 18. Housing 12 has a first end 20 open to an internal cavity 22, and a second end 24 having a plurality of orifices 26 therethrough. Orifices 26 in housing 12 correspond in number and spacing configuration to the projecting pins on a mating receptacle (not shown) to which insert 10 connects. Housing 12 is preferably made of steel or rigid plastic material. Orientation key 28 is attached to or formed on the periphery of housing 12 for orienting insert 10 with respect to the mating receptacle when connecting them together.

When assembled, contact header 14 is disposed within cavity 22 of housing 12. The first side 30 of contact header 14 abuts the inner wall 32 of housing 12. A plurality of spaced receiving sockets 34 project from the first side 30 of contact header 14 for receiving respective pins on the mating receptacle. Receiving sockets 34 extend through contact header 14. Pins 36 on receiving sockets 34 project out from second side 38 of contact header 14 for connection to respective cable conductors 40. Threads 42 on receiving sockets 34 secure sockets 34 in header 14. Contact header 14 is preferably made of rigid plastic, such as Fiberite Co. composition no. E2748, or of glass fired steel. Receiving sockets 34 and pins 36 are preferably made of steel.

Abutting contact header 14 within cavity 22 of housing 12 is sealing gland 16. A front view of an example embodiment of sealing gland 16 appears in Fig. 5. Cable conductors 40 pass through respective bores 44 extending through sealing gland 16. The bores 44 for the smaller

diameter conductors 40 are counterbored 46 for ease of insertion and passage. Sealing gland 16 is preferably made of flurosilicone 70 duro A or other resilient, compressible material.

Abutting sealing gland 16 in insert 10 is driver 18, which compresses gland 16 within housing 12 so as to seal insert 10 from the environment. A front view of an example embodiment of driver 18 appears in Fig. 8. Cable conductors 40 pass through respective bores 48 extending through driver 18. Bores 48 in driver 18 are aligned with bores 44 in sealing gland 16 and with pins 36 on receiving sockets 34. Driver 18 is preferably made of alloy 360 brass, steel, or other rigid material.

Sealing gland 16 includes nipples 50 on its surface surrounding the opening to each of its bores 44. Nipples 50 mate to counterbores 52 in contact header 14 and to counterbores 54 in driver 18 for improved sealing of insert 10 when sealing gland 16 is compressed by driver 18.

Crimp/socket contacts 56 electrically connect cable conductors 40 to pins 36 of receiving sockets 34. Each crimp/socket contact has a socket 58 on one end for connection to a receiving socket pin 36, and a deformable portion 60 on the opposite end for crimping to an end of a respective cable conductor 40. In an alternative embodiment, the ends of cable conductors 40 may be soldered to pins 36, in which case crimp/socket contacts 56 are not used.

Driver 18 is secured to housing 12 by a crimp in wall 62 of housing 12 pressed into retaining groove 63 in the circumferential surface of driver 18. Alternatively, driver 18 may be secured to housing 12 by a compression nut 64 threaded to the open end of housing 12, as seen in Figure 2. In this case, driver 18 is provided with a flange 65 which abuts shoulder 66 in housing 12. Shoulder 66 limits the insertion travel of driver 18 as nut 64 is tightened, and thus prevents overcompression of sealing gland 16. Driver 18 is also provided with a key (not illustrated) that mates with a key slot in housing 12 for preventing rotation of driver 18 as compression nut 64 is tightened. The use of compression nut 64 to retain driver 18 in housing 12 is advantageous when disassembly of insert 10 is required for inspection or repair.

It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that there are many other ways in which driver 18 can be secured to housing 12, such as by the use of swage tangs, circlips, or adhesive, for some examples.

Female insert 10 is assembled to a cable as follows: First, the outer cable insulation is stripped away from the end portion of the connecting cable so that a short length of insulated conductors 40 are exposed. The free ends of conductors 40 are fed through respective bores 48

in driver 18 and bores 44 in sealing gland 16 as shown in Fig. 1. The insulation is then stripped from the ends of the individual conductors 40 and crimp/socket contacts 56 are crimped to the exposed wire ends. Sockets 58 of crimp/socket contacts 56 are then inserted over pins 36 of receiving sockets 34. Contact header 14, with conductors 40 now attached to receiving sockets 34, is fitted within bore 22 of housing 12 so that receiving sockets 34 extend through respective orifices 26 of housing 12. Driver 18 is then slid down conductors 40 and against sealing gland 16, and driver 18 and gland 16 are together slid further down conductors 40 and over crimp/socket contacts 56 until sealing gland 16 abuts contact header 14. Insert 10 is then placed in a press where force is applied to the exposed surface of driver 18 to compress sealing gland 16 within housing 12. When sealing gland 16 has been sufficiently compressed to seal the interior of insert 10 from the environment, wall 62 of housing 12 is crimped into groove 63 of driver 18 to secure driver 18 to housing 12 and to maintain the compression of sealing gland 16, thereby maintaining the seal of insert 10. The compressed sealing gland 16 creates an energized compression seal that compensates for movement of the cable conductors. As the depth of water in which the insert is used increases, the hydrostatic pressure on sealing gland 16 increases, thus providing additional compression and resistance to leakage at greater water depths.

Referring now to Figure 3, an example embodiment of a male cable insert of the invention is shown in exploded, cross-sectional view. The male insert, generally designated 68, is like female insert 10 of Figure 1 in many respects; therefore only its differences from female insert 10 will be described in detail here.

Orifices 26 in housing 12 correspond in number and configuration to the pin receiving sockets on a mating receptacle (not shown) to which insert 68 connects. A plurality of spaced, electrically conductive pins 70 extend through contact header 72. First ends 74 of pins 70 project out from one side of contact header 72 for electrically connecting to respective sockets of the mating receptacle (not shown). Second ends 76 of pins 70 project out from the opposite side of header 72 for connecting to the respective cable conductors. Pins 70 also include circumferential shoulders 78 embedded in contact header 72 for securing pins 70 to header 72. Pins 70 are preferably made of steel.

Male insert 68 includes a seal 80 located between contact header 72 and inner wall 32 of housing 12. A plurality of tubes 82 project out from one side of seal 80. Bores 84 in tubes 82 extend through to the opposite side of seal 80. When assembled, pins 70 extend through

respective tube bores 84, and seal tubes 82 extend through respective orifices 26 in housing 12. Seal 80 is preferably made of neoprene or other flexible elastomer. The sealing gland 16, driver 18, and crimp/socket contacts 56 of male insert 68 are essentially like those described earlier with respect to female insert 10.

Male insert 68 is assembled to a cable in a manner similar to that described above with respect to female insert 10, except that first ends 74 of pins 70 are inserted through bores 84 of seal 80 before contact header 70 is inserted into housing 12. When assembled, ends 74 of pins 70 and a portion of tubes 82 of seal 80 protrude out from orifices 26 of housing 12.

Referring now to Figure 4, an example embodiment of a male transitioning insert is shown in exploded, cross-sectional view. The transitioning insert, generally designated 86, is like nontransitioning male insert 68 of Figure 3 in many respects, therefore only its differences from male insert 68 will be described in detail here. Transitioning insert 86 is designed for use where the number and/or configuration of the cable conductors 40 in the cable to which an insert is to be installed is different from that of the sockets of the mating receptacle. In such a case, the number and/or configuration of the conductors must be transitioned within the insert from that of the cable to that of the mating receptacle. For example, the cable may have two power conductors that must each connect to five power sockets in the mating receptacle. In Figure 4, the larger diameter conductors 40 carry power, and the smaller diameter conductors carry data or telemetry signals.

To accomplish the transitioning in number and/or configuration of the conductors, insert 86 includes a circuit card 88. Circuit card 88 comprises a pair of interconnected printed circuit boards 90 and 92 separated by an insulating layer 93. The manner of transitioning between numbers and layouts or configurations of electrical conductors by the use of multiple layered, interconnected circuit boards is well known to those skilled in the art of silk screened printed circuit boards.

A plurality of spaced receptacle pins 94 are attached to and project out from first circuit board 90 of circuit card 88 and through respective orifices 26 in housing 12 for connecting to respective sockets of the mating receptacle (not shown). The number and configuration of the receptacle pins 94 match those of the receptacle sockets. Similarly, a plurality of spaced contact pins 96 are attached to and project out from second circuit board 92 of circuit card 88 for connection to respective cable conductors 40, the number and configuration of the contact pins

96 matching those of the cable conductors 40. Receptacle pins 94 and contact pins 96 are preferably made of steel.

The seal 80, sealing gland 16, driver 18, and crimp/socket contacts 56 of transitioning insert 86 are essentially like those described earlier with respect to non-transitioning male insert 68 and Figure 3. The sockets of crimp/socket contacts 56 attach to contact pins 96. In the embodiment illustrated in Figure 4, driver 18 is secured to housing 12 by a pair of shear pins 98 inserted through orifices 100 in the wall of housing 12 and seated in a retaining groove 102 in the circumferential surface of driver 18. Transitioning insert 86 is assembled to a cable in a manner similar to that described above with respect to male insert 68, except that driver 18 is secured to housing 12 by shear pins 98 instead of by crimping the housing wall. It will be apparent that driver 18 can also be secured to housing 12 by crimping, as described above with respect to the non-transitioning cable inserts 10 and 68, or by the use of swage tangs, circlips, or adhesive, for some examples.

Figures 5, 6, and 7 are front, center cross-sectional, and rear views, respectively, of one example embodiment of sealing gland 16 that might be used with the cable insert of the present invention. In the illustrated embodiment, larger diameter bores 44 may receive power conductors, and smaller diameter bores 44 may receive data or telemetry conductors. Figures 8, 9, and 10 are front, center cross-sectional, and rear views, respectively, of a driver 18 corresponding to sealing gland 16 of Figures 5, 6, and 7. As with sealing gland 16, the larger diameter bores 48 of driver 18 may receive power conductors, and smaller diameter bores 48 may receive data or telemetry conductors.

There are several advantages obtained by the electric cable insert of the present invention. First, the insert provides its electrical interface with a highly reliable, entirely mechanical seal from the environment. Chemical bonds, which are less reliable than mechanical bonds, are avoided entirely in this insert. Second, the transitioning insert can be designed to mate a cable of any number and configuration of conductors to a standard receptacle having a different number and configuration of pins or sockets without any splicing of conductors. Third, the insert will accommodate polyethylene and other conductor insulations that are difficult to seal by other methods. Fourth, the insert can be easily and quickly assembled to a cable without any soldering. Finally, the insert can be assembled in the field with ordinary tools.

[illegible][illegible]

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An electric cable insert for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle having a plurality of sockets, the insert comprising:
  - a plurality of electrically conductive pins for connecting to respective sockets in the mating receptacle;
  - a sealing gland having a plurality of bores therethrough, each of the cable conductors passing through a respective one of the bores in the sealing gland;
  - means for electrically connecting the cable conductors to respective pins; and
  - means for compressing the sealing gland so as to seal the insert from the environment.
2. The insert of claim 1, wherein the means for compressing the sealing gland comprises:
  - a housing having an internal cavity therein, the sealing gland fitted within the cavity thereof; and
  - a driver secured to the housing and compressively engaging the sealing gland within the housing cavity.
3. The insert of claim 2, wherein the housing includes a side wall, the driver surface includes a retaining groove therein, and wherein the driver is secured to the housing by a crimp in the side wall of the housing pressed into the retaining groove in the driver surface.
4. The insert of claim 2, wherein the housing has an end with a plurality of orifices therethrough, and wherein each of the pins projects through a respective one of the orifices in the housing end for connecting to the mating receptacle.
5. The insert of claim 4, further including a contact header disposed within the housing cavity for maintaining a spaced relationship between the pins, each of the pins passing through the contact header.
6. The insert of claim 5, wherein the pins include shoulders engaging the contact header for securing the pins to the contact header.

7. The insert of claim 5, wherein the sealing gland includes nipples on its surface surrounding the opening to each of the bores therethrough, and wherein the contact header and the driver each have corresponding counterbores in their surfaces for receiving respective nipples on the sealing gland for improved sealing of the insert when the sealing gland is compressed.

8. The insert of claim 5, further including a seal disposed within the housing adjacent the housing end having the orifices therethrough.

9. The insert of claim 8, wherein the seal has a plurality of orifices therethrough, each of the pins passing through a respective one of the orifices in the seal.

10. The insert of claim 9, wherein the seal has two opposite sides and further includes a plurality of tubes projecting from one side thereof, the tube bores forming extensions of the orifices through the seal, each of the tubes projecting through a respective orifice in the end of the housing.

11. The insert of claim 1, wherein the means for electrically connecting the cable conductors to the respective pins comprises crimp/socket contacts having a socket on one end for sliding onto a pin and a deformable portion on the opposite end for crimping to an end of a respective conductor.

12. An electric cable insert for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle having a plurality of projecting pins, the insert comprising:  
a plurality of receiving sockets for receiving respective pins on the mating receptacle;  
a sealing gland having a plurality of bores therethrough, each of the cable conductors passing through a respective one of the bores in the sealing gland;  
means for electrically connecting the cable conductors to the respective receiving sockets; and  
means for compressing the sealing gland so as to seal the insert from the environment.



13. The insert of claim 12, wherein the means for compressing the sealing gland comprises:  
a housing having an internal cavity therein, the sealing gland fitted within the cavity thereof; and

a driver secured to the housing and compressively engaging the sealing gland within the housing cavity.

14. The insert of claim 13, wherein the housing includes a side wall, the driver surface includes a retaining groove therein, and wherein the driver is secured to the housing by a crimp in the side wall of the housing pressed into the retaining groove in the driver surface.

15. The insert of claim 13, wherein the housing has an end with a plurality of orifices therethrough for receiving respective pins on the mating receptacle for insertion within respective receiving sockets of the insert.

16. The insert of claim 13, wherein the receiving sockets include projecting pins thereon for connection to respective cable conductors.

17. The insert of claim 16, wherein the means for electrically connecting the cable conductors to the respective receiving sockets comprises crimp/socket contacts having a contact socket on one end for sliding onto a receiving socket pin and a deformable portion on the opposite end for crimping to an end of a respective cable conductor.

18. The insert of claim 16, further including a contact header disposed within the housing for maintaining a spaced relationship between the receiving sockets, each of the receiving sockets passing through the contact header.

19. The insert of claim 18, wherein the receiving sockets include threads engaging the contact header for securing the receiving sockets to the contact header.

20. The insert of claim 18, wherein the sealing gland includes nipples on its surface

surrounding the opening to each of the bores therethrough, and wherein the contact header and the driver each have corresponding counterbores in their surfaces for receiving respective nipples on the sealing gland for improved sealing of the insert when the sealing gland is compressed.

21. An electric cable insert for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle having a plurality of sockets, the number and configuration of the cable conductors being different from those of the sockets of the mating receptacle, the insert comprising:

a plurality of spaced receptacle pins for connecting to respective sockets in the mating receptacle, the number and configuration of the receptacle pins matching those of the receptacle;

a sealing gland having a plurality of bores therethrough, the number and configuration of the bores matching those of the cable conductors, each of the cable conductors passing through a respective one of the bores in the sealing gland;

means for conductively transitioning from the number and configuration of the cable conductors to the number and configuration of the sockets of the mating receptacle; and

means for compressing the sealing gland so as to seal the insert from the environment.

22. The insert of claim 21, wherein the means for conductively transitioning from the number and configuration of the cable conductors to the number and configuration of the sockets of the mating receptacle comprises a circuit card having a first side and a second side, the spaced receptacle pins being attached to and extending from the first side thereof; and

a plurality of spaced contact pins attached to and extending from the second side of the circuit card, the number and configuration of the contact pins matching those of the cable conductors.

23. The insert of claim 22, wherein the circuit card comprises a pair of interconnected printed circuit boards.

24. The insert of claim 22, wherein the sealing gland includes nipples on its surface

surrounding the opening to each of the bores therethrough, and wherein the circuit card has corresponding counterbores in its surface for receiving respective nipples on the sealing gland for improved sealing of the insert when the sealing gland is compressed.

25. The insert of claim 22, further including crimp/socket contacts for electrically connecting the cable conductors to the respective contact pins on the circuit card, the crimp/socket contacts having a socket on one end for sliding onto a contact pin and a deformable portion on the opposite end for crimping to an end of a respective conductor.

26. The insert of claim 21, wherein the means for compressing the sealing gland comprises:  
a housing having an internal cavity therein, the sealing gland fitted within the cavity thereof; and  
a driver secured to the housing and compressively engaging the sealing gland within the housing cavity.

27. The insert of claim 26, wherein the housing includes a side wall having at least one orifice therethrough, the driver surface includes a retaining groove therein, and wherein the driver is secured to the housing by a shear pin inserted through each orifice in the side wall of the housing and engaging the retaining groove in the driver surface.

28. The insert of claim 26, wherein the sealing gland includes nipples on its surface surrounding the opening to each of the bores therethrough, and wherein the driver has corresponding counterbores in its surface for receiving respective nipples on the sealing gland for improved sealing of the insert when the sealing gland is compressed.

29. The insert of claim 26, wherein the housing has an end with a plurality of orifices therethrough, and wherein each of the spaced receptacle pins projects through a respective one of the orifices in the housing end for connecting to the mating receptacle.

30. The insert of claim 29, further including a seal disposed within the housing adjacent the housing end having the orifices therethrough.

31. The insert of claim 30, wherein the seal has a plurality of orifices therethrough, each of the receptacle pins passing through a respective one of the orifices in the seal.

32. The insert of claim 31, wherein the seal has two opposite sides and further includes a plurality of tubes projecting from one side thereof, the tube bores forming extensions of the orifices through the seal, each of the tubes projecting through a respective orifice in the end of the housing.

33. An electric cable insert for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle, the insert comprising:

a housing having two opposite ends and an internal cavity, the first end open to the cavity and the second end having a plurality of orifices therethrough;

a seal disposed within the housing, the seal having two opposite sides and having a plurality of tubes projecting from one side thereof, the tube bores extending through to the opposite side of the seal, each of the tubes mating with a respective orifice in the second end of the housing;

a contact header disposed within the housing adjacent the seal, the header having first and second sides;

a plurality of electrically conductive pins extending through the header, each pin having a first end projecting from the first side of the header and through a respective one of the seal tube bores for electrically connecting to the mating receptacle, and a second end projecting from the second side of the header;

a sealing gland disposed within the housing adjacent the contact header, the gland having a plurality of bores therethrough; and

a driver compressively engaging the gland so as to seal the insert from the environment, the driver having a plurality of bores therethrough, each of the conductors of the cable passing through a respective one of the bores in the driver and in the sealing gland and electrically connecting to the second end of one of the pins.

34. The insert of claim 33, further including means for securing the pins to the contact

header.

35. The insert of claim 34, wherein the means for securing the pins to the contact header comprise circumferential shoulders on the pins, the shoulders engaging the contact header.

36. The insert of claim 33, further including crimp/socket contacts for electrically connecting the cable conductor ends to the second ends of the pins.

37. The insert of claim 36, wherein the crimp/socket contacts each have a socket on one end for receiving the second end of one of the pins, and a deformable portion on the opposite end for crimping to one of the cable conductor ends.

38. The insert of claim 33, wherein the sealing gland includes nipples on its surface surrounding the opening to each of the bores therethrough for improved sealing of the insert when the sealing gland is compressed.

39. The insert of claim 38, wherein the bores in the driver are counterbored for receiving respective nipples on the adjacent surface of the sealing gland.

40. The insert of claim 33, further including means for securing the driver to the housing.

41. The insert of claim 40, wherein the housing includes a side wall, the driver surface includes a retaining groove therein, and wherein the means for securing the driver to the housing comprises a crimp in the side wall of the housing pressed into the retaining groove in the driver surface.

42. An electric cable insert for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle having a plurality of projecting pins, the insert comprising:

a housing having two opposite ends and an internal cavity, the first end open to the cavity and the second end having a plurality of orifices therethrough;

a contact header disposed within the housing adjacent the second end thereof, the header having first and second sides;

a plurality of spaced receiving sockets for receiving respective pins on the mating receptacle, each receiving socket projecting from the first side of the contact header, the receiving sockets passing through the contact header and having pins projecting from the second side of the contact header for connection to respective cable conductors;

a sealing gland disposed within the housing adjacent the contact header, the gland having a plurality of bores therethrough; and

a driver compressively engaging the gland so as to seal the insert from the environment, the driver having a plurality of bores therethrough, each of the cable conductors passing through a respective one of the bores in the driver and in the sealing gland and electrically connecting to one of the receiving socket pins.

43. The insert of claim 42, wherein the receiving sockets include threads engaging the contact header for securing the receiving sockets to the contact header.

44. The insert of claim 42, further including crimp/socket contacts for electrically connecting the cable conductors to the receiving socket pins, each crimp/socket contact having a socket on one end for connection to a receiving socket pin, and a deformable portion on the opposite end for crimping to an end of a respective conductor.

45. The insert of claim 42, wherein the sealing gland includes nipples on its surface surrounding the opening to each of the bores therethrough, and wherein the bores in the driver are counterbored for receiving respective nipples on the adjacent surface of the sealing gland for improved sealing of the insert when the sealing gland is compressed.

46. The insert of claim 42, further including means for securing the driver to the housing.

47. The insert of claim 46, wherein the housing includes a side wall, the driver surface

includes a retaining groove therein, and wherein the means for securing the driver to the housing comprises a crimp in the side wall of the housing pressed into the retaining groove in the driver surface.

48. An electric cable insert for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle having a plurality of sockets, the number and configuration of the cable conductors being different from those of the sockets of the mating receptacle, the insert comprising:

a housing having two opposite ends and an internal cavity, the first end open to the cavity and the second end having a plurality of orifices therethrough;

a seal disposed within the housing, the seal having two opposite sides and having a plurality of tubes projecting from one side thereof, the tube bores extending through to the opposite side of the seal, each of the tubes mating with a respective orifice in the second end of the housing;

a circuit card for conductively transitioning from the number and configuration of the cable conductors to the number and configuration of the sockets of the mating receptacle, the circuit card having a first side and a second side,

a plurality of spaced receptacle pins attached to and extending from the first side of the circuit card and through respective orifices in the second end of the housing for connecting to respective sockets in the mating receptacle, the number and configuration of the receptacle pins matching those of the receptacle sockets;

a plurality of spaced contact pins attached to and extending from the second side of the circuit card, the number and configuration of the contact pins matching those of the cable conductors;

a sealing gland disposed within the housing adjacent the circuit card, the sealing gland having a plurality of bores therethrough, the number and configuration of the bores matching those of the cable conductors, and

a driver compressively engaging the gland so as to seal the insert from the environment, the driver having a plurality of bores therethrough, each of the conductors of the cable passing through a respective one of the bores in the driver and in the sealing gland and connecting to one of the contact pins extending from the circuit card.

49. The insert of claim 48, wherein the circuit card comprises a pair of interconnected printed circuit boards.

50. The insert of claim 48, further including crimp/socket contacts for electrically connecting the cable conductors to the contact pins on the circuit card, each crimp/socket having a socket on one end for attaching to a contact pin, and a deformable portion on the opposite end for crimping to an end of a respective conductor.

51. The insert of claim 48, wherein the sealing gland includes nipples on its surface surrounding the opening to each of the bores therethrough, and wherein the surfaces of the circuit card and the driver are counterbored for receiving respective nipples on the sealing gland for improved sealing of the insert when the sealing gland is compressed.

52. The insert of claim 48, further including means for securing the driver to the housing.

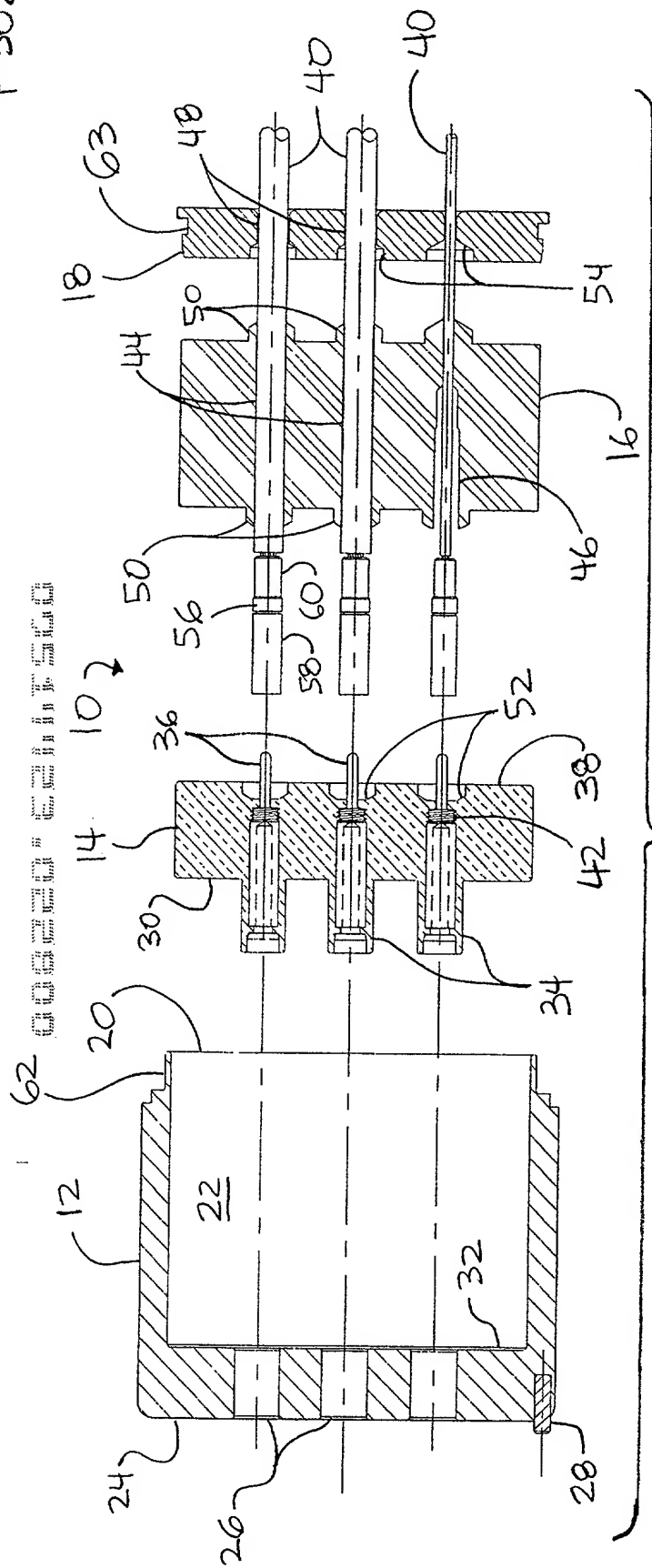
53. The insert of claim 52, wherein the housing includes a side wall having at least one orifice therethrough, the driver surface includes a retaining groove therein, and wherein the means for securing the driver to the housing comprises a shear pin inserted through each orifice in the side wall of the housing and engaging the retaining groove in the driver surface.



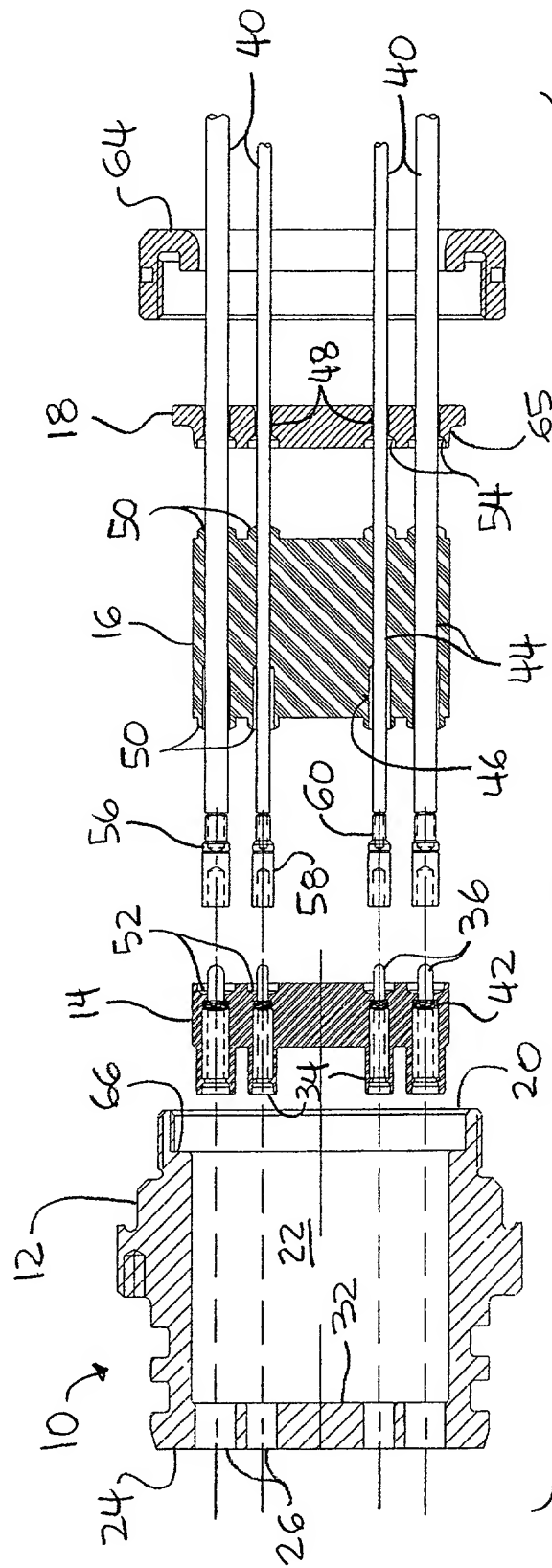
## ELECTRIC CABLE INSERT

### ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

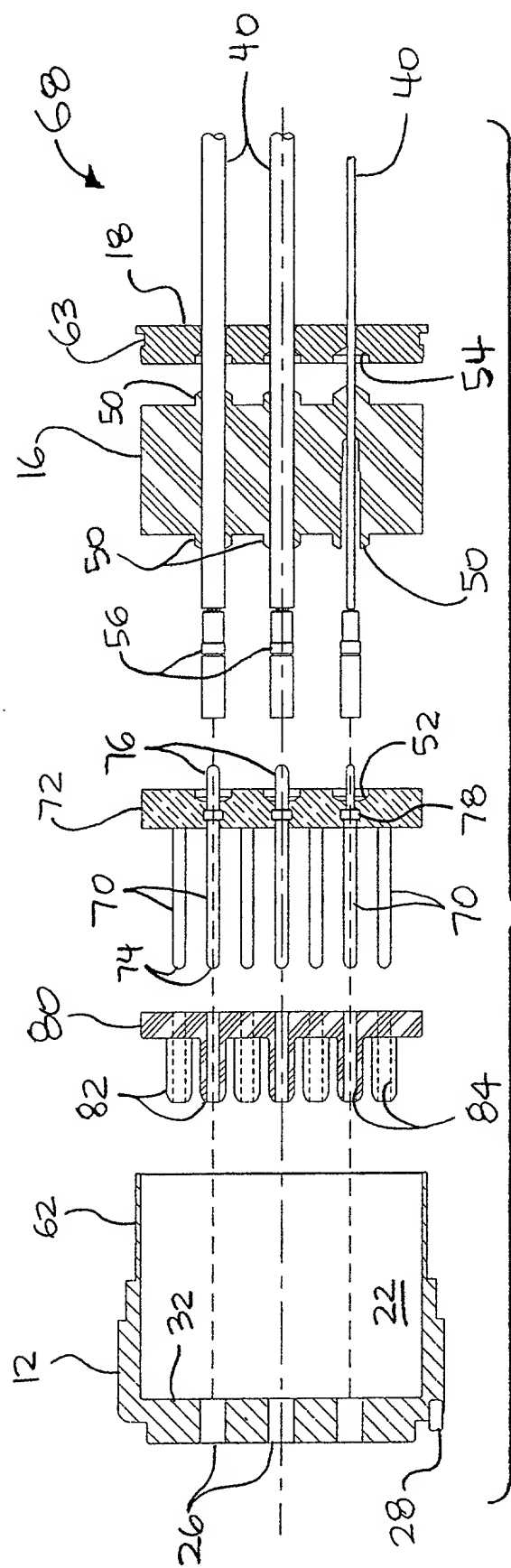
There is provided an electric cable insert for removably electrically connecting a cable having multiple conductors to a mating receptacle wherein the number and configuration of the cable conductors may be different from those of the sockets of the mating receptacle. The insert includes a housing open on one end to an internal cavity and having a plurality of orifices in the other end. The cable conductors connect to one side of a circuit card within the housing which conductively transitions from the number and configuration of the cable conductors to the number and configuration of the sockets of the mating receptacle. Receptacle pins extend from the opposite side of the circuit card through respective orifices in the housing for connecting to respective sockets in the mating receptacle. A compressed sealing gland disposed within the housing adjacent the circuit card provides the insert with an energized compression seal from the environment. A driver closes the end of the housing and maintains compression in the sealing gland. The cable conductors pass through respective bores in the sealing gland and in the driver.



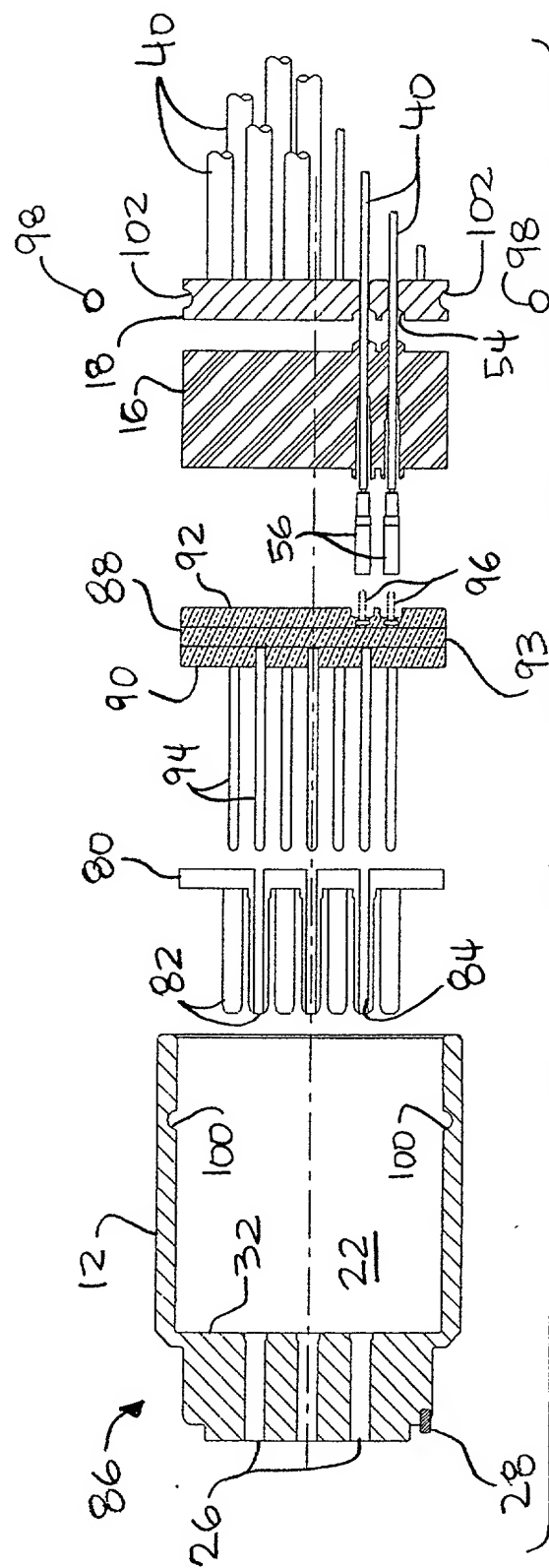
161



26.2



म  
७  
॥



4. 6. 7.

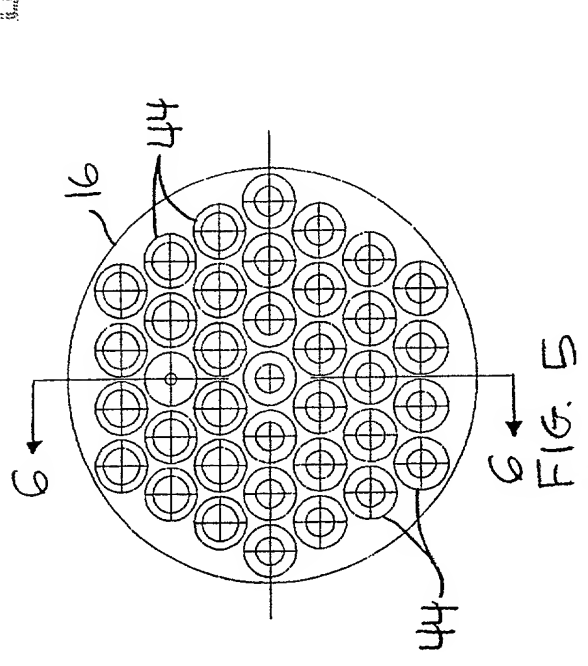


FIG. 7

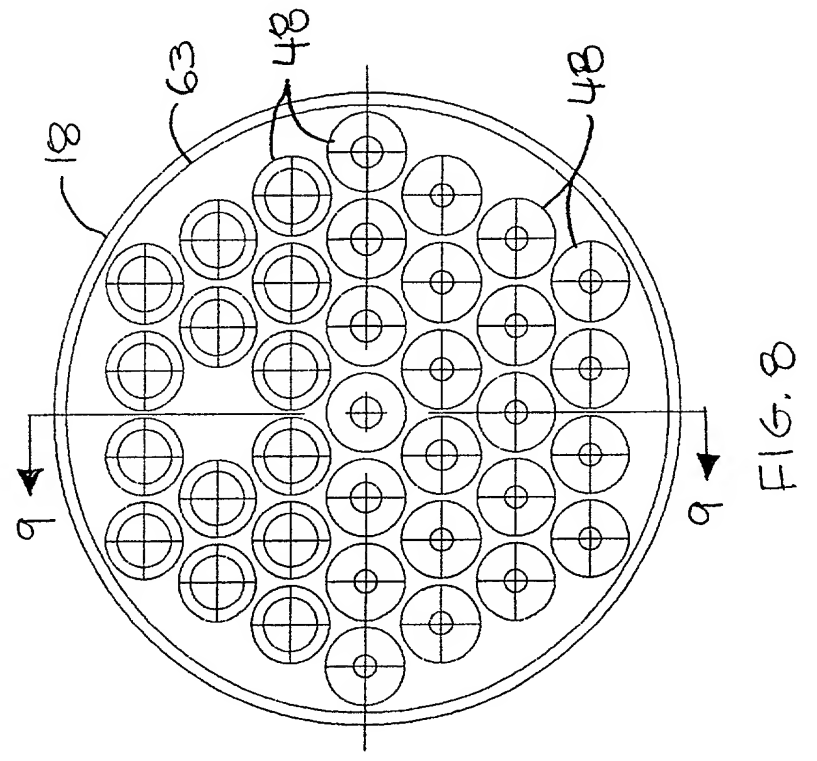


FIG. 8

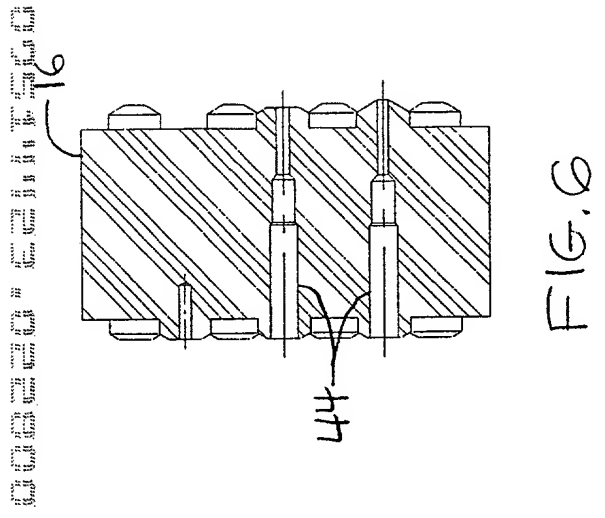


FIG. 6

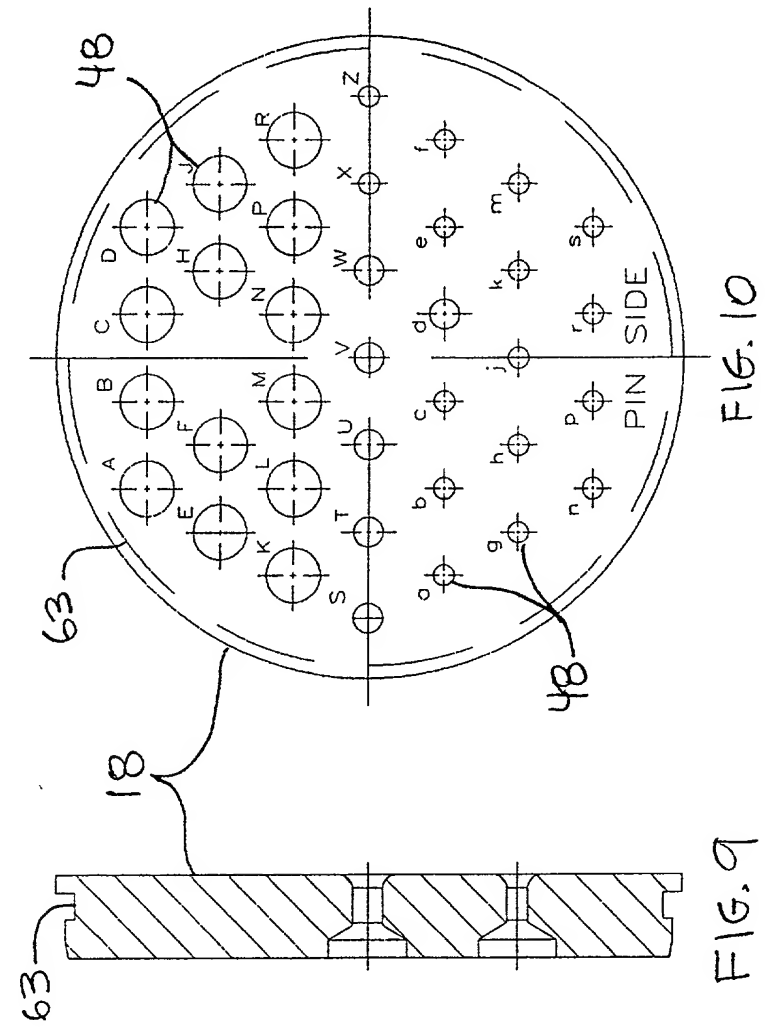


FIG. 9

FIG. 10

Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box → ☐

PTO/SB/01 (12-97)  
Approved for use through 9/30/00. OMB 0651-0032  
Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

<b>DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION (37 CFR 1.63)</b>  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing      OR <input type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing (surcharge (37 CFR 1.16 (e)) required)	Attorney Docket Number	P30213US
	First Named Inventor	Michael John Bryant
	<i>COMPLETE IF KNOWN</i>	
	Application Number	/
	Filing Date	
	Group Art Unit	
	Examiner Name	

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**ELECTRICAL CABLE INSERT**

the specification of which  
☒ is attached hereto  
OR  
☐ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY) \_\_\_\_\_ as United States Application Number or PCT International  
Application Number \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application Number(s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached?	
				YES	NO
None			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

☐ Additional foreign application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto:

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Application Number(s)	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	<input type="checkbox"/> Additional provisional application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto.
None		

[Page 1 of 2]

Burden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.4 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.

Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box ☐

PTO/SB/01 (12-97)  
Approved for use through 9/30/00. OMB 0651-0032  
Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

## DECLARATION — Utility or Design Patent Application

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 120 of any United States application(s), or 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States of America, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

U.S. Parent Application or PCT Parent Number	Parent Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Parent Patent Number (if applicable)
None		

☐ Additional U.S. or PCT international application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto.

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following registered practitioner(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

☐ Customer Number

OR

☒ Registered practitioner(s) name/registration number listed below

Place Customer Number Bar Code Label here

Name	Registration Number	Name	Registration Number
Gordon T. Arnold	32,395	H. Artoush Ohanian	P-46,022
Kenneth P. Beyers	36,409	John R. Biggers	44,537
Jeffrey S. Schubert	43,098		

☐ Additional registered practitioner(s) named on supplemental Registered Practitioner Information sheet PTO/SB/02C attached hereto.

Direct all correspondence to: ☐ Customer Number  OR ☒ Correspondence address below

Name	Gordon T. Arnold				
Address	Arnold & Associates				
Address	2603 Augusta, Suite 800				
City	Houston	State	TX	ZIP	77057
Country	USA	Telephone	(713) 972-1150	Fax	(713) 972-1180

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Name of Sole or First Inventor: ☐ A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor

Given Name (first and middle (if any))		Family Name or Surname	
Michael John		Bryant	
Inventor's Signature			Date
Residence: City	Houston	State	TX
		Country	USA
Post Office Address	18210 Mance Court		
Post Office Address			
City	Houston	State	TX
		ZIP	77094
		Country	USA

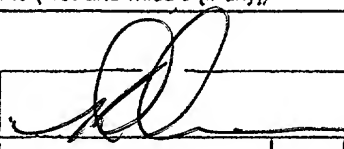
☒ Additional inventors are being named on the \_\_\_\_\_ supplemental Additional Inventor(s) sheet(s) PTO/SB/02A attached hereto

Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box → +

PTO/SB/02A (3-97)  
Approved for use through 9/30/98. OMB 0651-0032  
Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

## DECLARATION

ADDITIONAL INVENTOR(S)  
Supplemental Sheet  
Page 1 of 1

Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:		<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
Given Name (first and middle (if any))		Family Name or Surname			
Nick C.		George			
Inventor's Signature				Date	2/23/00
Residence: City	Sugarland	State	TX	Country	USA
Post Office Address	16802 Rippling Mill Dr.				
Post Office Address					
City	Sugarland	State	TX	ZIP	77478
				Country	USA

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on the day and year above specified, personally appeared Michael John Bryant, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing Assignment, and acknowledged to me that he executed the instrument of his own free will and for the purposes and consideration therein expressed.

Notary Public [SEAL]

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on the day and year above specified, personally appeared Nick C. George, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing Assignment, and acknowledged to me that he executed the instrument of his own free will and for the purposes and consideration therein expressed.

Notary Public [SEAL]



